

THE GOSPEL ACCORDING TO SAINT LUKE

Chapters 16-24

Read 17:22-37 What is the meaning of the expression “Son of Man” as it is used in the book of Daniel? **Topical Essay Jesus, the Son of Man**

What do the two parables mentioned in 18:1-14 address? (Note 18:1-14)

Read 18:1-8 What was the social status of widows at the time of Jesus? What does the parable encourage? (Note 18:3) (Note 18:5)

Read 18:9-14 What is the common prayer posture? What is the difference between the Pharisee and the tax collector? (Note 18:11) (Note 18:13)

Read 18:15-17 How does the Church interpret this passage as it relates to infant baptism? (Note 18:16) (Word Study – Infants)

Read 19:11-27 What are the historic, moral, and theological meanings that are contained in the Parable of the Ten Pounds? What do the words “slay them” point to? (Note 19:12-17) (Note 19:27)

Read 19:28-31 Where is Bethpage and Bethany located? (Note 19:29)

What is the significance of riding a colt that no one has ridden before? Does Jesus fulfill the prophecy of Zechariah 9:9? (Note 19:30)

Exult greatly, O daughter Zion! Shout for joy, O daughter Jerusalem!
Behold: your king* is coming to you, a just savior is he, Humble, and riding on a donkey, on a colt, the foal of a donkey.

Read 19:41-44 What transpired in 70AD? (Note 19:42-44)

Read 19:45-48 What does the cleansing of the Temple prophesy? (Note 19:45-48)

Read 20:9-18 What three different Old Testament texts did Jesus refer to when He employs the image of a “stone” in the parable? (Note 20:17-18)

Read 20:27-40 What does Jesus reveal about marriage in the next life? How does Jesus answer the Sadducees about the afterlife? How will we be like the angels and not like the angels in the afterlife? (Note 20:27-40) (Note 20:36)

Read 20:41-44 Was the expected Messiah inferior to King David? (Note 20:41)

Read 21:1-4 How does St. Bede interpret this passage allegorically? (Note 21:2)

Read 21:5-6 How large were the Temple stones? (Note 21:5)

Read 21:20-24 Did Luke write his Gospel after 70AD? (Note 21:20)

Read 22:1-2) What do the Jewish feasts of Passover and Unleavened Bread have to do with the Last Supper? (Note 22:1)

Read 22:7-13 Do men carry water? (Note 22:10)

Read 22:14-23 How does the Last Supper transform the feast of Passover and Unleavened bread? (Note 22:14-23)

Which cup of the Passover meal did Jesus partake? (Note 22:17)

What does it mean to give thanks (thanksgiving) in Greek? According to the Council of Trent, what do the words “Do this in memory of me” have to do with the New Covenant priesthood? (Note 22:19)

What does blood poured out signify? (Note 22:20)

Read 22:37 Does Jesus fulfill the Suffering Servant in Isaiah 53? (Note 22:37)

Who would believe what we have heard? To whom has the arm of the LORD been revealed?

He grew up like a sapling before him, like a shoot from the parched earth.

He had no majestic bearing to catch our eye, no beauty to draw us to him.

He was spurned and avoided by men, a man of suffering, knowing pain,
Like one from whom you turn your face, spurned, and we held him in no esteem.
Yet it was our pain that he bore, our sufferings he endured.
We thought of him as stricken, struck down by God* and afflicted,
But he was pierced for our sins, crushed for our iniquity.
He bore the punishment that makes us whole, by his wounds we were healed.
We had all gone astray like sheep, all following our own way.
But the LORD laid upon him the guilt of us all. Though harshly treated, he
submitted and did not open his mouth.
Like a lamb led to slaughter or a sheep silent before shearers, he did not open his
mouth.
Seized and condemned, he was taken away. Who would have thought any more
of his destiny?
For he was cut off from the land of the living, struck for the sins of his people.
He was given a grave among the wicked, a burial place with evildoers,
Though he had done no wrong, nor was deceit found in his mouth.
But it was the LORD's will to crush him with pain.
By making his life as a reparation offering, he shall see his offspring, shall lengthen
his days, and the LORD's will shall be accomplished through him.
Because of his anguish he shall see the light; because of his knowledge he shall be
content.
My servant, the just one, shall justify the many, their iniquity he shall bear.
Therefore, I will give him his portion among the many, and he shall divide the
spoils with the mighty,
Because he surrendered himself to death, was counted among the transgressors,
Bore the sins of many and interceded for the transgressors.ⁱ

Read 22:66-68 How does the trial of Jesus run parallel to the Old Testament account of Jeremiah the Prophet? (Note 22:67)

Read 23:26-31 What prophet does Jesus cite when he says, "Then they will say to the mountains, "Fall on us"; and to the hills, "Cover us." What is the meaning of this text? (Note 23:30)

Read 23:44-45 What is the symbolic meaning of the veil of the temple being torn? (Note 23:45)

Read 23:50-56 Who is Joseph of Arimathea? (Note 23:51) What is a rock-hewn tomb? (Note 23:53) What is the day of Preparation? (Note 23:54) What was the burial custom at the time? (Note 23:56)

Read 24:13-35 What are the four verbs that Jesus uses to celebrate the Eucharist with the disciples? What is meant by the term "Word and Sacrament"? (Note 24:30)